

# A quoi la paix des nuits.

A. Maikow.

NIKOLAS RIMSKY-KORSAKOFF, Op.40 Nr. 3  
1844-1908

Larghetto. ♩ = 54

The first system of the musical score. The vocal line (treble clef) begins with a whole rest, followed by the lyrics 'A quoi la paix des nuits'. The piano accompaniment (grand staff) features a steady eighth-note pattern in the right hand, marked *pp* (pianissimo). The left hand has a few notes at the end of the system, also marked *pp*.

The second system of the musical score. The vocal line continues with the lyrics 'cli - ne tous mes' and 'di - ri - ge ma pen -'. A large, semi-transparent orange oval watermark with the text 'musicalion' and 'klicken für mehr' is centered over the piano accompaniment. The piano accompaniment continues with the same eighth-note pattern in the right hand and more notes in the left hand.

The third system of the musical score. The vocal line begins with the lyrics 'sé - e, Ce - la, c'est mon se - cret..'. The piano accompaniment features a more complex texture with chords and moving lines. It includes dynamic markings: *poco cresc.* (poco crescendo) and *espress.* (espressivo). The system ends with a fermata over a chord in the right hand.

15

Et mê - me à toi, mon vers, Toi, mon vo -

*pp*

19

la - ge a-mi, dou - ceur des jours chag - rins,

23

A s rê ves de mon

**musicalion**  
klicken für mehr

27

â - me, Car tu pour - rais ci - ter la voix qu'en plein si -

*f* *dimin.*

31

len - ce, mon coeur en - tend, Quels traits en

*dolce*

35

tous lieux je re - vois, Quels yeux sont ma clar -

*a piena voce*

*f*

39

té, quel nom dit.

*a tempo*

*dimin.*

*poco men.*

*a tempo*

*p*

43

*8va*

*riten. e morendo*

*Typ:* Digitale Noten zum Download

*Titel:* [A quoi la paix des nuits.](#)

*Komponist:* [Nikolai Rimski-Korsakow](#)

*Epoche:* Romantik

*Thema:* .Ohne Thema

*Reihe/Zyklus:* Lieder (weltlich)

*Schwierigkeit:* Mittel

*Instrumentierung Gruppe:* Sologesang mit Einzelinstrument(en)

*Instrumentierung:* Solo>Sop+Klavier

*Instrumentierung:* Gesang Solo>Sopran(1),Klavier = Kl(1)